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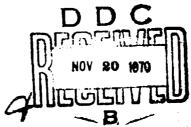
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PENETRATION OF 60-GRAIN AND 240-GRAIN BOMB FRAGMENTS INTO WALLBOARD

TECHNICAL REPORT AFATL-TR-70-51

JUNE 1970



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AIR FORCE ARMAMENT LABORATORY

AIR FORCE SYSTEMS COMMAND + UNITED STATES AIR LOGGE

MOLIN AIR FORCE BASE, FLORIDA

31

PENETRATION OF 60-GRAIN AND 240-GRAIN BOMB FRAGMENTS INTO WALLBOARD

Richard P. Warnis

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FOREWORD

Presently, the Degradation Effects Program (DEP) and others are using regression equations relating the striking velocity for cylinders as a function of their penetration into wallboard. This effort grew out of the question of whether actual bomb fragments would have a similar regression equation. This final phase of the study, which is concerned with testing 60-grain and 240-grain bomb fragments, was conducted during the period 1 January - 1 March 1970. The results from firing 15-grain bomb fragments into wallboard are available in AFATL-TP TO 48.

The DLRD range crew composed of Jack Byrne, TSgt Charles Sauls, Clyde Wallace, Sgt Ron Stearns, Sgt Terrell Costello, Sgt Dennis Houtari, Sgt Ear: Farabaugh, and Sgt William Carson provided the necessary technical support and instrumention.

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This technical report has been reviewed and is approved.

CHARLES K. ARPRE, L. Col, USAT

Chief, Technology Division

ABSTRACT

The primary objective of this program was to define a function between the striking velocity for 60-grain and 240-grain random shaped bomb fragments and their depth into the wallboard trade named Nu-Wood. The 60-grain fragments were fired from a 20mm Mann barrel and the 240-grain fragments from a 30mm Mann barrel into bundled Nu-Wood. The 60-grain fragments were lightly filed to fit into a 3.77 % 4.01 gram weight range and the 240-grain fragments into a 15.08 ≤ 16.02 gram weight range. The striking velocities for the 60-grain fragments were in the 600 ft/sec to 5000 ft/sec range and the 240-grain fragments in the 300 ft/sec to 3500 ft/sec range. The graph of rragment striking velocity as a function of depth into Nu-Wood showed a wide range of depths for approximately 2000 ft/sec and above striking velocities. A lower dispersion in penetration depths exists for velocities up to 2000 ft/sec. A least squares curve would not be valuable since the penetration spread is too vide at given velocities. Fragment penetration into Nu-Wood from firing cylinders does not give a realistic picture of 60-grain and 240-grain actual tomb fragmentation spread. The depth of penetration is not a primary function of the initial presented areas of impacting 240-grain fragments for 500 ft/sec to 3000 ft/sec velocities. When a factor of two or more exists between impacting presented areas for 60-grain bomb fragments, then the presented area seems to influence penetration.

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SECTION I

INTRODUCTION

Actual 60-grain and 240-grain bomb fragment firings into Nu-Wood were conducted at Range 22, Eglin AFB, during the months of January through March 1970.

The primary objective was to define a function between striking velocity and depth into Nu-Wood. Secondary objectives were:

- a. To find if the penetration into Nu-Wood is a function of the presented area of the impacting fragment.
- b. To observe the breakup characteristics of 60-grain and 240-grain bomb fragments in Nu-Wood.
- c. To determine the extent of deflection of the fragments relative to projected paths in air and ${\rm Nu\textsc{-}Wood}.$

SECTION II

TEST SET-UP

The general test set-up for the firings is shown in Figure 1. Figure 2 shows the co-ordinates $x_1 y_1$, $x_2 y_2$, and $x_3 y_3$ on the three-dimensional view of the Nu-Wood. The lower left hand corner of the Nu-Wood serves as the origin.

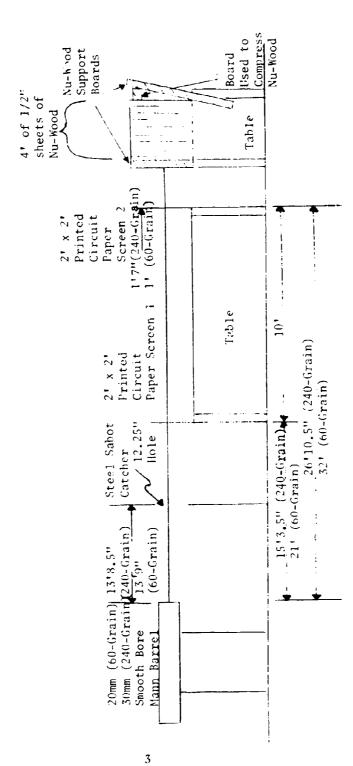


Figure 1, Test Set-Up

では、「こので、このでは、とはく」とは、「このできた」を、自然のでは、後の機能は関係して、人間に発展して関係のです。

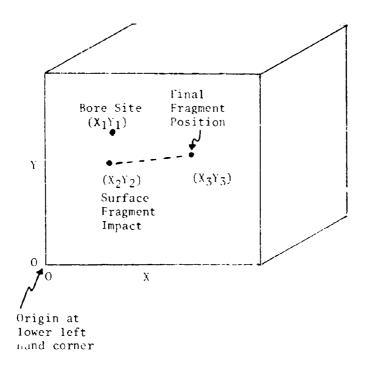
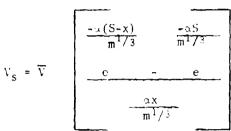


Figure 2. X and Y Co-ordinates on the Nu-wood

SECTION III

PRIMARY OBJECTIVE

Figures 3 and 4 show the striking velocity as a function of penetration for 60-grain and 240-grain fragments. These striking velocities were obtained by correcting the fragment measured velocity for air drag. The air drag correction times the measured velocity was 0.9514 for 60-grain fragments and 0.9661 for 240-grain fragments. These were obtained from: 1



 $V_s = Striking velocity (feet/sec).$

 \overline{V} = Average measured velocity between the screens. The first screen is at $x_0=0$, the second at x=10 feet (ft/sec).

S = Distance from the first screen to the target (11 feet for 60-grain fragments and 11.58 feet for 240-grain fragments).

• α = 0.0327 (constant for an air drag coefficient C_d = 0.640, and density of air, ρ = 0.310 grains/in³.)

M = Mass of fragment in grains.

Valid data points and data points estimated from powder charges are plotted on Figure 3. The fragment weight range of $3.77 \le 4.01$ grams for 60-grain fragments and 15.08 ≤ 16.02 grams for 240-grain fragments is not a function of depth into Nu-Wood. Figures 3 and 4 illustrate the wide spread in depths of penetration.

A means of classification of the fragments into shape categories was found from close examination of the fragments and solving for D in:

$$LWD = \frac{W}{C}$$

LWD = Length Widt's Depth where L>W>D (in.).

w = Weight of fragment (lbs.)

 $a = 0.284 \frac{1\text{bs}}{\text{in}^3}$ as the general density of steel.

The categories are:

L-F = Long flat

L-C = Long chunky

F = Flat

F-C = Flat chunky

C = Chunky

L = Long

The calculated D values can fit appropriate groups for D (Inches):

		60-	-Grain		
Long Flat	Flat	Flat Chunky	Long Chunky	Chunky	Long
<0.450	0.450	0.550	0.650	0.750	> 1.500
	<0.550	<0.650	<0.750	<1.500	_
		240-	-Grain		
Long Flat	Flat	Flat Chunky	Long Chunky	Chunky	Long
<0.800	0.800	C.850	1.100	1.250	> 1.500
	<0.850	<1.100	<1.250	<1.500	_

Tables I and II and Figures 3 and 4 show the classification of the fragments. Figures 5 and 6 illustrate the majority of the fragments fired. After firing, many fragments were lost from impacting the sabot catcher, the printed circuit paper holders, or the Nu-Wood holders.

Figures 3 and 4 have regression plots of a penetration equation obtained by firing steel cylinders into wallboard trade named Nu-Wood and Flintkote. These cylinders had characteristic velocities from 305 ft/sec to 12,788 ft/sec, masses from 0.25 grain to 241.50 grains, and 0° to 70° obliquity from the projectile path to the perpendicular to the Nu-Wood surface. The finalized regression equation used for the plot is: 2 .

$$V_S = 112831(X) - \frac{0.8091(KM^2/3)0.9078}{M0.9388}$$

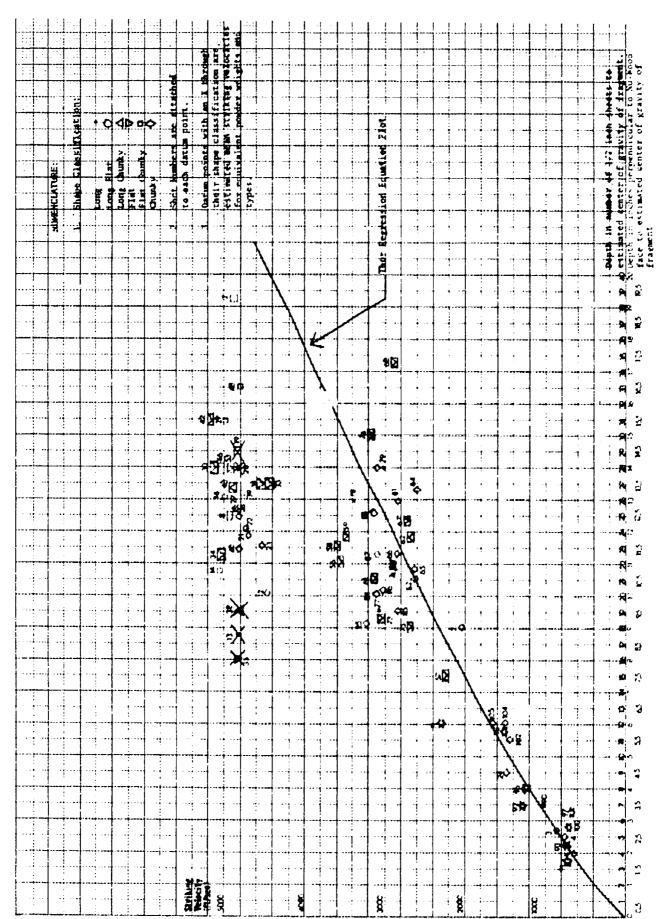
 $V_{\rm S}$ = Striking velocity of steel cylindrical fragments (ft/sec).

X = Depth of penetration measured perpendicular to the Nu-Wood surface (in.)

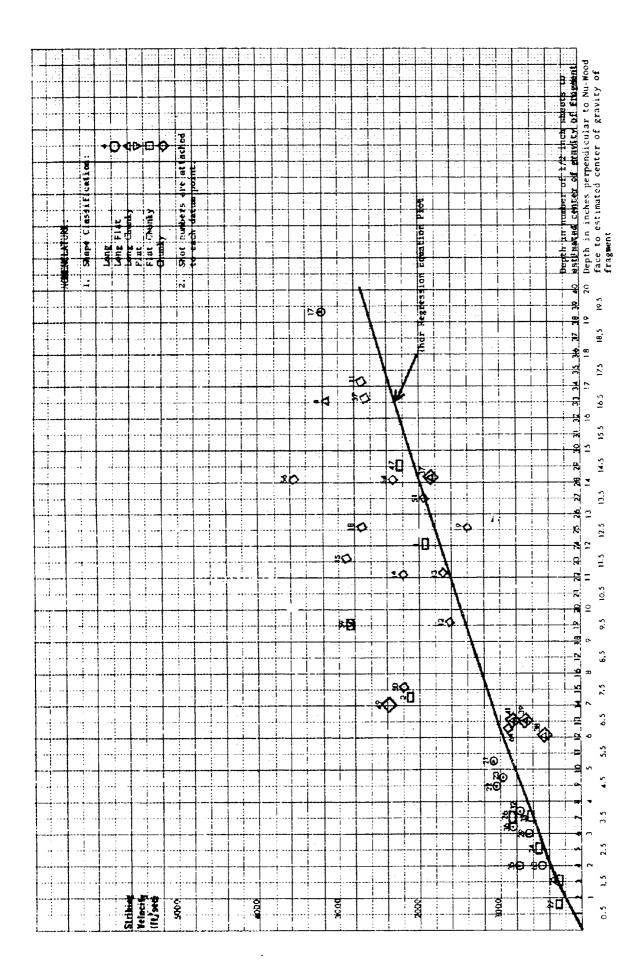
K = 0.0088

M = Mass of fragment (grains)

² This will be termed the Thor regression equation. The Thor regression plot for cylinders does not fit closely to the distribution of 60-grain and 240-grain bomb fragment data points. This can be attributed to the shape difference between pre-formed cylinders and actual bomb fragments. Also, the Thor regression equation has too large a range in its variables of mass, velocity, and obliquity.



Striking Velocity Versus Penetration into Nu-Wood for 60-Grain Bomb Fragments ,



Striking Velocity Versus Penetration into Nu-Wood for 240-Grain Bomb Fragments Figure 4.

Figure 5. Illustration of the Majority of 60-Grain Bomb Fragments Before Firing 9

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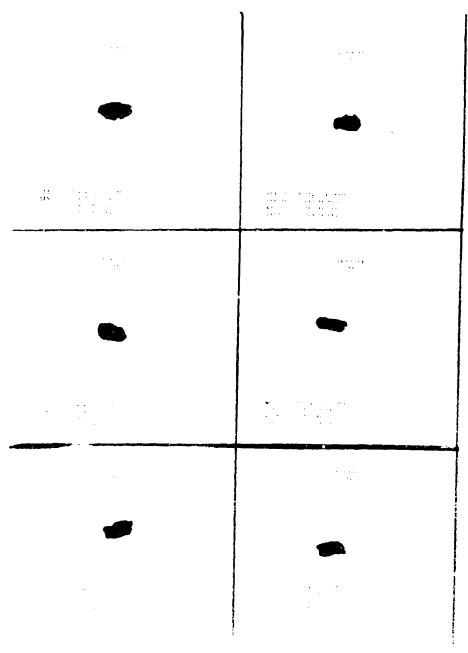


Figure 5. (Continued) 10

Figure 5. (Concluded)

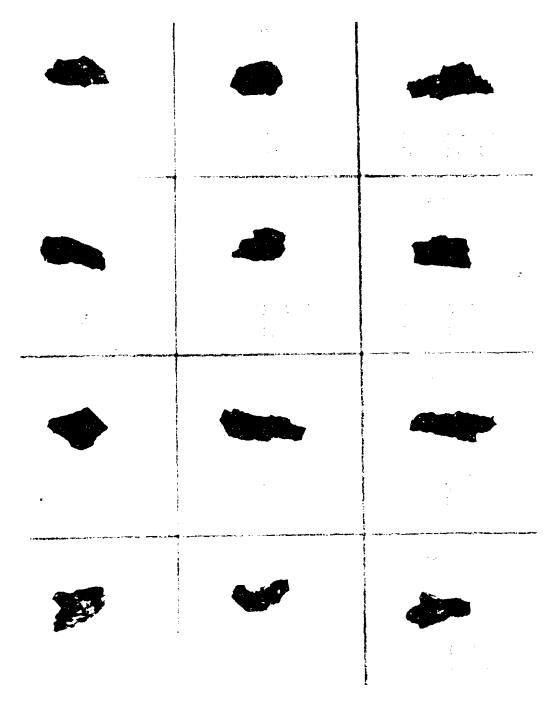


Figure 6. Illustration of the Majority of 240-Grain Bomb Fragments Before Firing $$12\,$

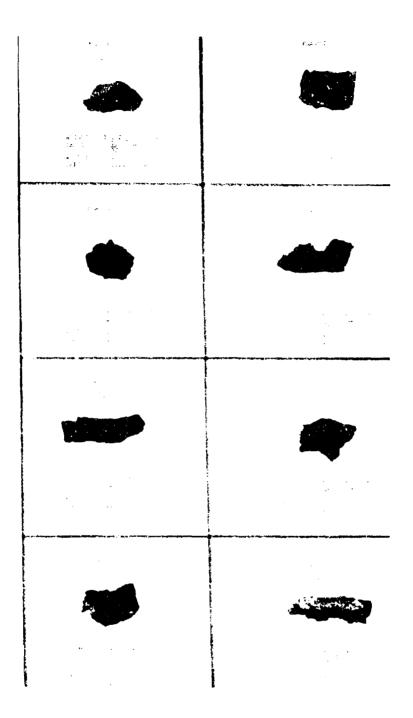


Figure 6 (Concluded)

TABLE 1. 60-GRAIN BOMB FRAGMENT SHAPE CLASSIFICATION, POWDER CHARGE, MEASURED VELOCITY, STRIKING VELOCITY, AND PENETRATION INTO NU-WOOD DATA.

SINA-BADD	Good Shot	Good Shot	Good Shot	Good Shot	Fragment made ampact hole,	then bounced cut to be found	on floor o ft. from Nu-Wood.	No recovery. Fragment went	under table helding Nu-hond.	Cood Stot	Strong k-axis deflection in	Nu-Wood, From (7 1/2", 8 1/2")	surface co-ordinate to	(? 1/8", 9") where found.	No relovery. Fragment struck	sabot catcher,	Volgecovery, Fragment Struck	subot catcher.	tragment broke up in flight	into four small preces.	Fragment broke up in Nu-Wood.	A to gram piece appeared	to brak off in 10th sheet	and then asserged to be found	in 14th sheet.	A .10 gram weight loss.	Cannot locate prece. Still	consider as datum point.	Good Shot	No recovery. Fragment	struck sabof catcher.	A . L. prom weight loss.	Could not locate piece.	Can be considered as a date:	point,	No recovery.	No recove ny Anneand	fragment books up in flight.	Sabot welocity.	
MI-MOOD FRACMENT PENCTRATION DEPTH PENCEDICULAR TO NU-MOOD SURFACE TO ESTINATED CENTEL OF GRAVITY OF PRACHES)	2.00	9.00	2.75	2.50	N/A			N/P.		19.25	12.50				X/X		N/A		N/A		16.00					8.75			10.75	N/A		13.12				۲/٪		c c	14,50	
STRIKING VELOCITY (0.9514 × MEASURED VELOCITY) (frince)	646	2043	818	7	en Vi			423		4882	4920				(4824)		(4824)		(4824)		4469					(4854)			5041	(4804)		4989				(4824)	(46.41)	(****)	(4824)	
MUASURED VELOCITY (FTZSEC)	679	2147	843	814	37.1	•		450		5131	12.13				2700	(9205)	2850	(5070)	50.79	(50%)	4697					3167	(0205)		5,999	321.2	(2020)	5244				3876	(5070)	(202)	5005	(10,05)
PONDER METCHET (GRAINS), TYPE	Shor IMRANOS	225- INR4895	205-1MR4895	210-19R. 8C%	200-KC85			250-90857		625- IMR4895	6.25 - PMR 1895				625- PSR4895		625-IMR4895		625-TVR4895		6.25-1MR4895					631,5-1MR4893			634, % - PNR4895	6.54 5-1MR4895		C34, S-13R4895				634,5-1804895	1001 (m) 2 12 1	Character 1-10 by a	654, S-14R4995	
SEAPE CLASSIFICATION	Chanky	Chunky	Chunky	Chunky	(hunky			Chranky		Flat Church	Flat Chunk				Flat Chunk		Long Chunk	:	Flat Chunk	•	Chunky					Flat Chunk			Flat Chunk	Flat Chunk		Flat Chunk				Flat Chunk		Aunus Terra	Flat Counk	
FRACHENT NO.	-	_	-		. –	•		~-		٠,	د،				٠,		er.		-,		L.S.					ټ			J	¢		Ξ.				=	2	<u>=</u>		
SHOT NO.	-	٠,	۳.	-	- ن			٤		r	Œ				c.		91		1	:						1.1			:	12		÷.					-	5	2.	

No recovery. Fragment	hit sabot catcher.	Good shot.	Good Spot.	Good shot.	Good shot.	Good shot.	Coad shor.	Sabot velocity.		Break up occuring. Sheet	got .30 gram piece,	sheet 26 get .45 gram piece	and main fragment weighing	\$. 5.5 grams.	Good shot.	Good shot.	A .US gram break-off.	Could not locate piece.	St.11 considered as a	datum point.	No recovery.		thood Shot.	. 10 gram weight loss.	Could not locate piece.	STILL CONSIDERED AS DATE	point.	The 10 area piece found	in 6th sheet. Could not	find .05 gram piece.	No Recovery, Fragment	hit Nu-Wood holder.	Fragment appeared to break	up and strike Nu-Wood	holder.	Subor velocity.	Rad there is No organ	Lucial Proce form	19 10th sheet,	Sahot velocity.		No recovery. Fragment West	into table holding au-mood.	TO THE PERSON ASSESSED TO THE PERSON OF THE	State a good datum pount.	Could not find viece.		hit sabot catcher.	No recovery. Fragment	hit sabot catcher.	A .60 gram weight loss.	Could not find piece.
N/A		11.88	100	11.62	50.4	9.12	12,50	12.50		14.00					15.50	14.00	13.50				8/4	:	13,50				c c	00.0			K/X		N/A			9,50	z.			11.50		V/8		15.50	200 21	60.61	N/A		N/A		.4.00	
8/4		40.88	31.18	45/50	15 T	3.33	4815	(4854)	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	(4824)					4982	5113	45.87				(4874)		5000	80708			(3,000)	7.707.)			(48.21)		(18.74)			(4824)	0.4	;		(48,41)		(48.24)		9816	******	7-0:-	(4824)		(3824)		2046	
N/N		86.51	8767	68.4	1550	3392	5061	2607	(2020)	5513	(2070)			;	5236	5.374	4769				1274	(5570)		2.30			1003	0.00			SP.	(5070)	. 80	(97070)		3276	8000			3565	(5070)	5752	(0/05)	071	72.6	0.000	68.66	(2020)	(76.)	(3070)	5314	
634.5-IMR4895		634,5-1484895	634,5-1MR4895	634,5-1MR4895	600 - W(3857	6 3 - W(85.7	625-IMR4895	625-1918 1895	:	6.75 - IMR1895					654, 5- IMR4895	631,5-18/84895	634.5-14R 855				634, S-INR4893		654.5-14R1S93	6.54 J. 5 - 17IR4895			, 1000 1000 1000	tion of the latest and the			6.34, 5-19711895		6.54, 5-14R 18%			634,5-18 54895	TWD 1907	1.70*********		6.2%-1984895		625-TMR4895		0.75 - 17K4K:	, y,	0.01	62%-128,1895		62%- IMRC 895		6.75 - 1MR4895	
Flat Chunk		Chunty	Chunky	Chunky	Chunky	Chunky	Chunky	Chunky		Chumky					Flat Chank	Flat, Flat Churk	Flat, Flat Chunk				Long, Chunk	:	Flut, Flut Chunk	Flat, Flat Chunk			-				Flat		Long, Chunk	:		Long Chank	[]	THE CHARLE		Chur Ly		Chunky	•	Firt, Flat Chunk	7. 4. 4.	Pitt Chunk, Long	Lope Chunk	4	Long Chunk	ŧ	Flat Chunk	
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50		Ξ.	77	15.	2	V.	ź,	£;		or.					53	. 5 ()	31				23	:	53	31			;				95		3.7			38	9			40		.	;	7	;	e.	41				46	

TABLE I. (CONCLUDED)

COMINTS	No recovery, Fragment hit	sabot catcher.	A , lo gram weight loss.	Still a good datum point.	Fragment broke up in rlight.	No recovery.		vo frecovery.	No recovery.		Velocity too high.	No recovery. Fragment hit	saket cetcher.	No recovery. Fragment hit	Sahor catcher.	find that.	Good shor,	Good shot.	Good shot.	Fragment hit another hole	th Ny-Road.	Good Shot.	Good Shot.		Volumento Pragment hit	subot cutcher.	Good shot.	cood that.	scod shot.	Copie Shor.	Good whet.	No preoperty. Tragment nit	sabor cateerr.	and there is a rate grown and there	Meters	Good shot. Different con	of powder used.	No recovery, Fragment hit	Cood Shot-	Good shot.	
NU-WOOD FRACHEYT PLATING DEPTH PLRPLYDICHIAR TO NU-WOOD SHREACT TO LESTIMATED CLASTER OF GRAVITY OF PRESENT (NAMES)			16.50		8/8	N/A		V/V	N/A	:	14.00	e/:		8/4		11.00	2.50	11.30	11.75	N/A		10,30	2.1		27.4		15.27	10.75	10.1		17.2	N/A		4.00		0.0.4		8/8	5	11.00	
STRIKING VELOCITY (0,9514 x MANGRED VELOCITY) (fr/cc)	(48.3)		voi		46.85	(4824)		(48.4)	148541		(48.1)	(4823)		(4974)		4550	. 5777	3582	3181	314X		3134	2023		(2613)		2617	्र	28.85	241		(3818)				2289	:	2342		10 of	
MEASURED VELOCITY (FEZ-SEC)	ATS R	(20.01)	50.05		40.74	5226	(a, a)	\$40\$ (3070)	379.5	(<u>0</u> 202)		12 (2 <u>1</u>	0.070	11.54	(300)	11.	1.55.1	9.5	26.30	3300		5294	5.185		1881	11()				. XX.	507.6	<u> </u>	7.37	2, 20 1		á.		2462	;	5005	
POWING RELUCT	6 TAR180		6.25 - PMR4895		6.25 - 1984,1895	625-1Mk45C		625-1484895	625-1784895		0.33 - IMR4895	20. See 140.18795		508-1MR1805		490-14R4350	310.1MR4350	470. [M84.550	450- [VR4.37a)	410-1924550		400-7MR1350	\$80-1484750		390-13R 1350		350 - IV 24550	300 - PMR435.0	400-19R1350	406-1MR4350	400-148450	400-19K: 750		400-19R 55.0		300. 1MB.330	The state of the s	40th 1981550		420-1M84530 420-1M617 P	
SHAPL CLASSELLEATON	191 191		Flat Churk		Flat Chunk	Long Chumb		Flat Chunk, Long Chunt	flat Chunk, Long	Chunk	Flat, Flat Chamk	Jana China	4	First Count		Flat, Flat Chunk	Flat	First Flat Cheek	Flat, Flat Chunk	Flat, Flat Chunk		Flat Dat Check	Flat Chun. Late	Chank	Flat Chunk, Long	Chunk	Chunky	Chunky	Chunky	Flat, Flat Chunk	Flat, "lat Chunk	Long Flat, Long	Chush	Lony Chunk		fant, san teil	Tar's Tour There	Flat, Long Chunk		Flat, Flat Chunk Flat, Flat Chunk	
ON EXPERIENCE			7		*7	71		S.C	Σ,		19	c		ţ				2		2	:		: 2	,	6.		30	30		90				33			Ž.	152		2 5.45	
ON LONG	1	;	27		49	20		.	r)		5.3	3		Ş	-	ŝ	5 5	. e	3	2	•	5	2	š	63		5	5.0	9	1.0	æ S	69		2.0		ŕ	₹.	ť		K W	

Good shot.	Sabot velocity.	Good shot.	Good shot.	No recordery.		Good shot.	Good shot.	Good shot.	Good shot.	Good sho*.	A .05 grem weight less.	Still can be considered	a datum point.	Good shot.	Good shot.	No recovery. Fragment	hit Au-Rood holder.	Good shot.	Good shet.	Good shot.	Good shot.	Bad shot. Fragment dropped	out of 3rd sheet.	Went through (or pushed a hole	in] 5 sheets and bounced out	to he found 10 ft. in front	of target.	Good shot.	Good shot.	Good shot.	torgot to get depth of	penet ration.	Good shot.	Rad shot.	Good shot.	Bad shot. Pounced out and	1000	Good shot.	Good whot except for possible	mistaken identity of fragment.
65. Q 09. 81	95.49	13,00	14,000	8/8		13,00	10.50	14.00	10,06	95.0	10,00			11.15	12,50	177		65.	2,00	05.8		4/4		177				00.4	, r.	in in	2/4		08.77	*>	9.7	52		00,0	90 9	•
1.05	(3033)	3344	3004	(5,885)		286.2	1,50	5034	5111	28.4.4	5130			5115	81.7.5	2 0		9.	â	.305		[3,		649				1718		1881	710		100	Loci	121.	9.7	C.	15	16.58	
2807	(3138)	35.56	3.5 E	Š	(3140)	8008	280	11.80		386	2,300			80.08	26. 9	100		1.1.2.2		130	ź		,	: 0.				1.11	61.	1616	£		98.	103.	14.1			161.		<u>:</u>
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TABLE II. 240-GRAIN BONB FRAGNENT SHAPE CLASSIFICATION, POWDER CHARGE MEASURED VELOCITY, STRIKING VELOCITY, AND PENETRATION INTO NU-WOOD DATA.

D COMMENTS	Good shot.	Good shot.	Sabot Velocity. Fragment	struck Nu-Wood holder frame.	Fragment broke up into 1wo	halves at final fragment	TOCAL TOUR.	shot	Bad shot, Fragment hit	sabot catcher. Sabot	velocity.	sad knot, rrughent hit	Sabol California Sabolc	Bad that franchist hat	subor curcher Sabor	volocity	Transport his conchar Rock	יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	shot. So time recorded.	Rad thot. Fragment hit	sabot catcher, Sabot	velocity.	Good shot.	Good shot.	Good shot.	Good thot.	Good shot.	Bad shot. Fragment hit	sabot catcher,	Good shot.	Good shot.	Good shot.	Rad shot. Fragment hit	sabor catcher,	Good shot.	Good shot.	Good shot.	Gond shot,	Good shot.	Good shot,	Cood shot.	
NU-WOOD FRACMENT PENETRATION DEPTH PERPENDICULAR TO NU-WOOD UNIFED CESTINATED CENTER OF GRAITY OF FRACMENT (INCHES)	12,00	7.25	N/A		16.50		ć	00°6	X/X			W/W		77.	*/5		*/.>	x /:		W/W			17,00	9,50	11.60	11.00	11.50	NZA		19.25	12.50	12,50	N/3		5.25	1,50	4,75	Ĉ.	1.50	3,50	۲,	
STRIKING VELOCITY (0.95) a MLASURED VELOCITY) (frénee)	52.61	6:17	1897		5230			N/4	7815			2077		5100				7 /6		555			86.0	0641	1-1	0966	5439	2891		3256	\$2.50	1.166	71		1141	7017	30 CC	5	333	388	Te e	
MCASURED VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	# T o	5557	1964		35.13			4.2	5364			tank,			100					<u>-</u>			2855	G#_ [1834	6884	30.12	2007		3370	28.5	1518	0.84		1181		200	000	i ii.	-17		:
POWDEL WEIGHT 168ALY APPE	500-14K3 (50	600-1MR4550	850-14R3350		850-PR4750			800 - 148.4 \$ 10	800- PMR4 350			800-14R1330			S0(1-14)(41-1)(3		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	SOUR LARGE SOUR		SOO- 1MR4 \$50			S00-1MR4550	825-1MR4350	925-14R4350	700 INR4895	800- MR4895	800-151R4895		800-14P4895	800-1MR4895	300-19R4895	566-1MR4895		250-14R4805	Space IMBases	Coardwin ozy	Soldwing Co.	2.38. M8.19.15	2021 481 - 02 1	20 - 148 (CC)	
SHAPE	Flat Chunk	Flat Chunk	Flat Chunk		Long Chunk	:		Long Chunk	Lone Chunk	.		Flat, Flat Chunk		i	Long Chunk		1	Long Charak		iong Flat			Churchy	Church	Charaky	Chunky	Chanky	lone tone tat		Leng. Long flat	(7)	Chunky	Elor Church		Lone, Lone Flat	Long Long hor	Action Committee of the	DONE, LONG CLASS	Flat Chank	10.00	Flat Chunk	4 151 1
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Bad shor, Fragment hit	catcher. Gov. shot.	Rad shor, Nu-hood not		Rad shot, tot same:	Good shot.	Coad shot.	Bad shot. Hit schot	catchur.	Good shot.	Cood shot.	Cood Africa Carlos Action	si sali parataran da man		Shape character.	Good where, Mann, fragment's	share as causing preas depen-	And after No velocity and	Cond abor	Rad shor, fragment hit	sahot catcher. Sahot	velocity recorded.	Rad shor, Fragment Eat	sahot catcher. Sabot	velocity recorded.	Bad shot, traggedt nie	Address of Control of the Control of	And Topish and Confidence	Date Circuit Baber	helder.	Bag dier. No velocity	and fragment his salot	carcher.	Good shot.	Rad Andr. Frakman us.	erlocity.	Good shot.	Good shot.		Bad shot, Fragment hit		Bad shot. Fragment hit	catcher.	Bad shor. Yo velocity and	fragment hit subor cutcher.	Good shot.	
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TABLE II. (CONCLUDED)

	Good shot Bad shot. Fragment hat	catcher, Sabot velocity, Good Shot, Good Shot, Bad Shot, A 1-gram weight	loss, Did not locate piece, Bad shot, Hit too close	ro abother bole. Bad shot. Fragment hit sabot cutcher.	Good shot.
NU-MOOP FRACMENT PENETRATION DEPTH FRENENDECULAR TO NU-MOOD SUBFACT TO ESTIGATED CENTER OF GRAVITY OF FRACMENT (ANGES)	16.50 N/A	9,50 8,70 8,75	8/8	878	6,50
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M ASURI D VELOCITO	3080 3080 3080	3008 564 1218	Sub	881	· .
PONDER NETGH (CRAINS), TYPE	1000-1984550 1000-1984550	1000-1981580 250-1984550 300-1984550	280-1984550	280-1984350	280-1MR4350
SPAPE CLASSIFICATION	Chanks	Flat, Frat Chank 1990-1981350 Long Flat 350-1984350 Long Flat 350-1984350	Chanky	Chrisky	Chuaky
FRAMEST VE.	111	to to to	ñ	۶.	œ.
- XC.	. .	337	2	12	7

Nomenclature: 1. N/V: Not applicable 2. There are no estimated velocities from equivalent powder weights and types for these firings.

SECTION IV

SECONDARY OBJECTIVES

When a difference factor of two or greater exists in impact presented area between two 60-grain fragments at the same velocity, then the presented area seems to be an independent variable in penetration. Table III helps to support this conclusion.

The presented area upon impact of 240-grain fragments does not seem to be a significant variable in depth of penetration. This conclusion results from studying Table IV.

The 60-grain fragment break-offs were generally located along the fragment path. This is contrary to the 15-grain study where the break-offs were at the final mother fragment position. The 240-grain fragments had few breakoffs and not enough study was given about their origin.

For the same velocity and mass the penetration could be related to a function of many variables:

Penetration = F (Fragment shape, fragment surface, fragment tumbling before and after impact, fragment impacting presented area, compression of Nu-Wood, etc.)

An examination of bore sight, fragment entrance, and finalized position in Nu-Wood co-ordinates reveals no appreciable air deflection and Nu-Wood deflection of fragments. Air deflection could be attributed to the sabot aiming the fragment after exit from the Mann barrel. Since the Nu-Wood deflection is slight, no transformations are made on the perpendicular to Nu-Wood surface penetration data. All the penetration data in Figures 3 and 4 need not be corrected for the slight angular deflections in Nu-Wood.

Some other interesting facts found from testing are:

- a. The recovered fragments had Nu-Wood clinging to them.
- b. As the fragment goes deeper into the Nu-Wood it tends to make a large and less clean or sharp hole. This could be attributed to Nu-Wood building up on the fragment as it penetrates.
- c. The Lexan sabot will be dented on its base from the fragment's initial momentum impulse.
- d. For better air flight stability a sabot fitting a fragment is better than a sabot with a hole too large.

TABLE III. PRESENTED AREAS OF IMPACTING 60-GRAIN BOMB FRAGMENTS

X(DEPTH OF PENETRATION PERPENDICULAR TO NU-WOOD SURFACE TO ES-

			WOOD SURFACE TO ES+		
			TIMATED CENTER OF	A(PRESENTED AREA	
SHOT F	PAGMENT	•	GRAVITY OF FRAGMENT)	OF FRAGMENT)	V(STRIKING VELOCITY)
NO.	NO.	SHAPE CLASS	(INCHES)	_ (INCHES ²)	(FT/SEC)
91	39	Flat, Long Chunky		.2050	710
93	39	Flat, Long Chunky	2.25	.1175	757
4	1	Chunky	2.50	.1450	774
3	1	Chunky	2.75	.1275	848
1	1	Chunky	2.00	.1050	646
97	39	Flat, Long Chunky		.0225	6.75
92	39	Flat, Long Chunky	3.50	.1675	1302
96	39	Flat Long Chunky		.0475	1248
24	8	Chunky	4.50	.1700	1475
102	38	Chunky	5.50	.1013	1451
105	3.5	Chunky	6.00	.1825	1659
104	37	Chunky	6.00	.1250	1534
71	39	Flat, Long Chunky	6.00	.2075	2289
57	19	Flat, Flat Chunky	7.50	.0763	2237
7.3	36	Flat, Flat Chunky	9.00	.2388	2671
82	33	Chunky	10.50	.1650	2647
6.5	30	Chunky	10.75	.1150	2657
6.2	29	Flat Chunky, Long	Chunky 11.75	.1175	2678
64	30	Chunky	13.25	.0800	2613
85	38	Chunky	9.50	.1413	2844
66	30	Chunky	11.25	.1300	2845
S 1	33	Chunky	13.0e	.0863	2862
68	36	Flat, Flat Chunky		.0450	2882
7.3	36	Flat, Flat Chunky		.0975	3039
8.3	38	Chunky	14.00	.1300	3034
79	34	Long	14.00	.0713	3004
86	37	Chunky	10.00	.14-5	3130
84	38	Chunky	19.00	.1600	3111
61	19	Flat, Flat Chunky	10.50	.0925	3134
37	38	Chunky	11,25	.1130	3119
83	38	Chunky	12.50	.1463	3133
76	36	Flat, Flat Chunky		.1188	3179
56	19	Flat, Flat Chunky		.1250	3559
58	19	Flat, Flat Chunky		.1100	3582
23	8	Chunky	11,62	.2019	4509
31	19	Flat, Flat Chunky		.1450	4537
33	19	Flat, Flat Chunky		.1838	4503
- 21	8	Chunky	11.88	.1925	4688
22	8	Chunky	12.00	.2200	4708
26	3	Chunky	12.50	.0888	4815
48	14	Flat Chunky	16.50	.1238	4790
- 8		Flat Chunky	12.50	. 2238	4920
16	11	Flat Chunky	13.12	.1125	4989
29	10	Flat Chunky	14.50	.0800	4982
14		Flat Chunky	10.75	.1494	5041
34	19	Flat, Flat Chunky		.2288	5023
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TABLE IV. PRESENTED AREAS OF IMPACTING 240-GRAIN BOMB FRAGMENTS

V(STRIKING VELOCITY) (FT/SEC)	1975 1997	2179	545	501	886	838	896	1102	1141	2414	2360	2906	2939	1690	1772	1874	2260	2299	2759	2758
A(PRESENTED AREA OF FRAGMENT) (INCHES ²)	.1650 .3875	.6850	1125	. 1913	. 2638	.4013	.3050	.5000	0060.	0890	.2888	.0663	.3463	.3275	.5250	.2888	.1400	.1306	.4525	.4150
X (DEPTH OF PENETRATION PERPENDICULAR TO NU- WOOD SURFACE TO ES- TIMATED CENTER OF GRAVITY OF FRAGMENT)	12.00	7.25	2.00	00.9	3.50	6.50	6.50	4.50	5.25	7.00	14.00	9.50	11.50	9.50	11.00	14.00	11.00	14.50	12.50	17.00
SHAPE CLASS	Flat Chunky Chunky	Flat Chunky	Counky Long Flat	Chunky, Long Chunky	Flat Chunky	Chunky	Chunky	Long, Long Flat	Long, Long Flat	Chunky	Chunky	Flat, Flat Chunky	Chunky	Chunky	Chunky	Chunky, Long Chunky	Chunky	Flat Chunky	Chunky	Chunky
FRAGMENT NO.	19	19	7 15	4	Ξ	7	28	12	13	21	22	23	7	 - 	2	4	دی	=	7	7
SHOT.	5.1	2	50	38	26	4]	64	22	21	49	54	59	15	12	13	37	14	4.7	18	11

SECTION V

CONCLUSIONS

The fundamental conclusions are:

- a. The existing Thor equation predictions for cylinders do not fit actual 60-grain and 240-grain bomb fragment data.
- b. Depth of penetration into Nu-Wood is not a reliable method to predict velocities for 60-grain and 240-grain bomb fragments.
- c. The depth of penetration is not a primary function of impact presented area for 60-grain and 240-grain bomb fragments. The 60-grain fragments seem more sensitive to impact presented area than the 240-grain fragments.

REFERENCES

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- 2. Malick, Donald, The Calibration of Wallboard for the Determination of Partical Speed, Ballistic Analysis Laboratory, TR-61, May 1966, Page 16.

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5 AUTHOR(S) (Lost name, first name, initial)							
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HAUSTRACT: The primary objective of th	Eglin AFI	J. Flori	da 32542				
the striking velocity for 60-grain	and 240-orain	random e	haped homb fragments				
and their depth into the wallboard							
were fired from a 20mm Mann barre							
Mann barrel into bundled Nu-Wood.							
to fit into a 3.77 ≤ 4.01 gram w							
a 15.08 ≤ < 16.07 gram weight rang	e. The striking	g veloci	ties for the 60-grain				
fragments were in the 600 ft/sec t	o 5000 ft/sec ra	ange and	the 240-grain frag-				
ments in the 300 ft/sec to 3500 ft	ments in the 300 ft/sec to 3500 ft/sec range. The graph of fragment striking						
velocity as a function of depth in							
approximately 2000 ft/sec and abov							
in penetration depths exists for v							
squares curve would not be valuabl	e since the pend	etration	spread is too wide at				
given velocities. Fragment penetr does not give a realistic picture	ation into Nu-wa	ood from	in actual bomb				
fragmentation spread. The depth o							
the initial presented areas of impacting 240-grain fragments for 500 ft/sec to 3000 ft/sec velocities. When a factor of two or more exists between							
impacting presented areas for 60-g	rain bomb fragm	ents, the	n the presented area				
seems to influence penetration.		,	1				
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